Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	4
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	7
Statement of Activities	9
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	10
Reconciliation of Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	11
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	13
Statement of Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	16
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	17
Notes to Financial Statements	18

TABLE OF CONTENTS – Continued

	Page
Required Supplementary Information:	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund – Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	40
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund – Schedule of Employer Contributions	41
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund – Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions	42
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund – Unaudited	43
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis Cash Receipts and Cash Disbursements to GAAP Revenues and Expenses – General Fund	44
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – TIF II Fund – Unaudited	45
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis Cash Receipts and Cash Disbursements to GAAP Revenues and Expenses – TIF II Fund	46
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Capital Projects Fund – Unaudited	47
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis Cash Receipts and Cash Disbursements to GAAP Revenues and Expenses – Capital Projects Fund	48
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis Fund Balance to GAAP Basis Fund Balance	49
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	50
Other Schedules:	
Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds	52
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Non-Major Governmental Funds	54
Supplemental Statistical Section:	
Schedule of Assessed Valuation, Property Tax Rates, and Tax Extensions – Unaudited	57
Schedule of Property Tax Collections – Unaudited	58



Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Mayor and Board of Councilmen City of Farmer City, Illinois

We were engaged to audit the financial statements of the City of Farmer City, Illinois ("City"), which comprise financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information as of and for the year ended April 30, 2021, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Farmer City, as of April 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis; the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund – Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Position Liability and Related Ratios on page 40; the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund – Schedule of Employer Contributions on page 41; and budgetary comparison information on pages 43 through 50 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Striegel Knoblock & Company LLC

Bloomington, Illinois December 22, 2021



Statement of Net Position

April 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	 Total
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,980,781	\$ 1,130,016	\$ 4,110,797
Investments		300,000	746,608	1,046,608
Receivables, net:				
Property taxes		848,838	22,740	871,578
Intergovernmental		154,147	-	154,147
Accounts		50	204,686	204,736
Prepaid expenses		36,955	44,504	81,459
Capital assets, net of accumulated				
depreciation		4,484,334	 4,932,251	 9,416,585
Total assets		8,805,105	 7,080,805	15,885,910
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred outflows related to				
pension obligations		186,999	 145,457	 332,456
Total assets and deferred				
outflows of resources	\$	8,992,104	\$ 7,226,262	\$ 16,218,366
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	4,744	\$ 115,098	\$ 119,842
Meter deposits		· -	32,731	32,731
Accrued expenses		11,413	8,682	20,095
Accrued vacation		32,462	23,936	56,398
Accrued interest		28,358	36,632	64,990
Bonds payable:				
Due within one year		55,000	135,000	190,000
Due in more than one year		1,820,000	2,495,000	4,315,000
Unamortized bond				
Premiums and discounts		-	52,827	52,827
IMRF pension liability		288,535	 224,436	 512,971
Total liabilities		2,240,512	 3,124,342	 5,364,854
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred property tax		848,838	22,740	871,578
Deferred inflows related				
to pension obligations		384,804	299,319	 684,123
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,233,642	 322,059	 1,555,701

Statement of Net Position – Continued

April 30, 2021

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Net Position			
Invested in capital assets,			
net of related debt	2,609,334	2,302,251	4,911,585
Restricted for:			
Tax increment financing district II	465,227	-	465,227
Tax increment financing district III	19,558	-	19,558
Capital projects	530,687	-	530,687
Motor fuel tax	189,831	-	189,831
Hotel-Motel tax	15,013	-	15,013
Business district tax	115,793	-	115,793
ESDA	5,169	-	5,169
Audit	57,451	-	57,451
Social security	114,739	-	114,739
Insurance	446,045	-	446,045
School crossing guard	9,027	-	9,027
Illinois municipal retirement fund	67,229	-	67,229
Library	45,593	-	45,593
Unrestricted	827,254	1,477,610	2,304,864
Total net position	5,517,950	3,779,861	9,297,811
Total liabilities, deferred inflows			
of resources, and net position	\$ 8,992,104	\$ 7,226,262	\$ 16,218,366

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

			_	_	Net (Expenses)			
			Program	Revenues		Changes in		
		Fines, Fees,		Operating	Capital			
	P.	Licenses,	User	Grants and	Grants and		Business-Type	m . 1
	Expenses	and Permits	Charges	Contributions	Contributions	Activites	Activites	Total
Governmental activities:	Ø 020 460	f 10.025	Ф	44.214	Ф	e (7(4.210)	6	Ф (764.210)
General government	\$ 828,468	\$ 19,835	\$ -	44,314	\$ -	\$ (764,319)	5 -	\$ (764,319)
Public safety	533,556	23,228	-	-	43,681	(466,647)	-	(466,647)
Public works	193,465	-	-	-	-	(193,465)	-	(193,465)
Streets and alleys	286,859	-	-		67,123	(219,736)	-	(219,736)
Culture and recreation	83,729	994	-	7,546	17,800	(57,389)	-	(57,389)
Interest on long-term debt	69,088	-	-	-	-	(69,088)	-	(69,088)
Changes in pension obligations	(119,038)					119,038		119,038
Total governmental activities	1,876,127	44,057		51,860	128,604	(1,651,606)		(1,651,606)
Business-type activities:								
Electric	2,201,068	28,782	2,443,176	-	-	-	270,890	270,890
Water	379,449	4,984	427,304	-	-	-	52,839	52,839
Sewer	414,567	4,672	350,374	-	-	-	(59,521)	(59,521)
Garbage	138,388	-	138,272	-	-	-	(116)	(116)
Total business-type activities	3,133,472	38,438	3,359,126				264,092	264,092
Total primary government	\$ 5,009,599	\$ 82,495	\$ 3,359,126	\$ 51,860	\$ 128,604	\$(1,651,606)	\$ 264,092	\$ (1,387,514)
			Gene	eral revenues:				
			Ta	xes:				
			F	Property taxes		837,594	23,051	860,645
			I	ncome tax		264,610	-	264,610
			N	Motor fuel tax		72,933	-	72,933
			F	Replacement tax		27,330	-	27,330
			S	Sales tax		201,364	-	201,364
			F	Excise tax		13,903	-	13,903
			J	Jse tax		91,639	-	91,639
			7	Video gaming tax		44,780	-	44,780
			(Cannabis tax		1,999	-	1,999
			E	Business district ta	ıx	86,631	-	86,631
			I	Hotel-Motel taxes		6,040	-	6,040
			Mi	iscellaneous incon	ne	33,373	3,190	36,563
			Un	restricted investm	ent earnings	4,382	4,705	9,087
			Int	er-office charges		405,000	(405,000)	-
			Int	erfund transfers		(16,710)	16,710	-
			Tota	l general revenues	i	2,074,868	(357,344)	1,717,524
			Char	nge in net position	ı	423,262	(93,252)	330,010
			Net l	Position – beginni	ng, restated	5,094,688	3,873,113	8,967,801
			Net l	Position – ending		\$ 5,517,950	\$ 3,779,861	\$ 9,297,811

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds

April 30, 2021

		General Fund	F	Increment inancing Fund II	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets							
Cash and equivalents	\$	896,758	\$	465,227	\$ 532,521	\$ 1,086,275	\$ 2,980,781
Investments		300,000		-	-	-	300,000
Receivables, net:							
Property taxes		102,332		374,031	-	372,475	848,838
Intergovernmental		132,813		-	-	21,334	154,147
Other		50		-	-	-	50
Prepaid expenses		913		-	 	36,042	36,955
Total assets	\$ 1	,432,866	\$	839,258	\$ 532,521	\$ 1,516,126	\$ 4,320,771
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	2,910	\$	-	\$ 1,834	\$ -	\$ 4,744
Accrued expenses		3,450			 	7,963	11,413
Total liabilities		6,360			 1,834	7,963	16,157
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred property tax		102,332		374,031		372,475	848,838
Fund Balance							
Nonspendable		913		-	-	36,042	36,955
Restricted for:							
Tax increment financing districts		-		465,227	-	19,558	484,785
Capital projects		-		-	530,687	-	530,687
Motor fuel tax		-		-	-	189,831	189,831
Hotel-Motel tax		-		-	-	15,013	15,013
Business district tax		-		-	-	115,793	115,793
ESDA		-		-	-	5,169	5,169
Audit		-		-	-	57,451	57,451
Social security		-		-	-	114,739	114,739
Insurance		-		-	-	446,045	446,045
School crossing guard		-		-	-	9,027	9,027
Illinois municipal retirement fund		-		-	-	67,229	67,229
Library		-		-	-	45,593	45,593
Committed:							
Public safety		-		-	-	14,198	14,198
Unassigned	1	,323,261			 		1,323,261
Total fund balance	1	,324,174		465,227	 530,687	1,135,688	3,455,776
Total liabilties, deferred inflows							
of resources, and fund balance	\$ 1	,432,866	\$	839,258	\$ 532,521	\$ 1,516,126	\$ 4,320,771

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

April 30, 2021

Fund balance of governmental funds	\$ 3,455,776
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement	
of net position are different because:	
Capital assets of \$9,334,492 net of accumulated depreciation	
of \$4,850,158 are not current financial resources and,	
therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund.	4,484,334
Net pension obligations are not reported in the fund financial	
statement because they are not due and payable, but they are	
presented in the statement of net position.	(486,340)
Long-term liabilities are not payable with current financial	
resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Bonds payable	(1,875,000)
Accrued vacation	(32,462)
Accrued interest	 (28,358)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 5,517,950

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	General Fund	F	Increment inancing Fund II	Capital Projects Fund	on-Major vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:	 _		_	_	 <u> </u>		
Property taxes	\$ 119,502	\$	375,023	\$ -	\$ 343,069	\$	837,594
Income tax	264,610		-		-		264,610
Motor fuel tax	-		-		72,933		72,933
Replacement tax	27,330		-		-		27,330
Sales tax	201,364		-		-		201,364
Excise tax	13,903		-		-		13,903
Use tax	91,639		-		-		91,639
Video gaming tax	44,780		-		-		44,780
Cannabis tax	1,999		-		-		1,999
Other taxes	-		-		92,671		92,671
Donations	1,500		-		-		1,500
Fines, fees, permits and licenses	43,119		-		939		44,058
Grants							
Operating	42,814		_	-	7,546		50,360
Capital	18,681		25,000	17,800	67,123		128,604
Interest income	2,588		274	416	1,104		4,382
Miscellaneous	22,282		_	336	10,755		33,373
	 		_	_	 		
Total revenues	 896,111		400,297	 18,552	 596,140		1,911,100
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	363,560		-	-	228,608		592,168
Public safety	502,161		-	-	5,055		507,216
Public works	-		35,913	15,399	72,030		123,342
Streets and alleys	217,385		-	-	24,153		241,538
Culture and recreation	37,209		-	-	43,850		81,059
Debt service:							
Principal	-		160,000	-	-		160,000
Interest	-		71,754	-	-		71,754
Capital outlay	 		31,409	 1,364,139	 47,692		1,443,240
Total expenditures	 1,120,315		299,076	 1,379,538	 421,388		3,220,317
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	 (224,204)		101,221	(1,360,986)	 174,752		(1,309,217)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Inter-office charges	435,000		(5,000)	-	(25,000)		405,000
Transfers in	13,938		-	27,000	-		40,938
Transfers out	 			 (49,998)	 (7,650)		(57,648)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 448,938		(5,000)	 (22,998)	 (32,650)		388,290
Net change in fund balance	224,734		96,221	(1,383,984)	142,102		(920,927)
Fund balance, beginning of year, as restated	1,099,440		369,006	1,914,671	993,586		4,376,703
as restated	 1,077,770		307,000	 1,717,071	 773,300		1,310,103
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,324,174	\$	465,227	\$ 530,687	\$ 1,135,688	\$	3,455,776

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

Net change in fund balance – total governmental funds	\$ (920,927)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the fund financial statements	
because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as	
assets in the Statement of Activities and depreciated over their estimated	
economic lives; depreciation (\$348,292) for the year is less than capital	
outlays (\$1,443,239) reported in the governmental funds.	1,094,947
Repayment of loan principal is an expenditure in the fund financial	
statements; however, the repayment reduces long-term	
liabilities in the Statement of Net Position	160,000
Net change in pension obligation is not recognized in the fund financial	
statements since it does not use current financial resources.	119,038
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require	
the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not	
reported as as expenditures in the fund financial statements:	
Accrued vacation	(32,462)
Accrued interest	 2,666
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 423,262

Statement of Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds

April 30, 2021

	Electric Light Plant and System Fund	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Garbage Fund	Total	
Assets						
Current assets:	\$ 226,538	\$ 834,781	\$ 68,697	\$ -	\$ 1,130,016	
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	- /	* /	40,000	\$ -	746,608	
	596,626	109,982	22,740	-	22,740	
Property taxes receivable Accounts receivable, net	140,550	19,346		11,480	204,686	
*	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	33,310	11,480	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Prepaid expenses	31,435	6,961	6,108		44,504	
Total current assets	995,149	971,070	170,855	11,480	2,148,554	
Capital assets:						
Land	-	40,000	-	-	40,000	
Buildings	128,494	422,619	3,300,000	-	3,851,113	
Systems & Infrastructure	9,162,858	1,980,371	2,674,186	-	13,817,415	
Equipment	241,687	795,448	261,125	-	1,298,260	
Accumulated depreciation	(6,533,312)	(2,448,548)	(5,092,677)		(14,074,537)	
Total capital assets	2,999,727	789,890	1,142,634		4,932,251	
Total assets	3,994,876	1,760,960	1,313,489	11,480	7,080,805	
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred outflows						
related to pension obligations	101,028	35,717	8,712		145,457	
Total assets and deferred						
outflows of resources	\$ 4,095,904	\$ 1,796,677	\$ 1,322,201	\$ 11,480	\$ 7,226,262	

Statement of Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds – Continued

April 30, 2021

	Electric Light Plant and System Fund	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Garbage Fund	Total	
Liabilities						
Current liabilities:				•		
Meter deposits	\$ -	\$ 32,731	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 32,731	
Accounts payable	93,818	1,124	216	19,940	115,098	
Bonds payable, current	85,000	25,000	25,000	-	135,000	
Accrued expenses	6,102	2,212	368	-	8,682	
Accrued vacation	16,902	6,317	717	-	23,936	
Accrued interest	12,846	11,893	11,893	-	36,632	
Total current liabilities	214,668	79,277	38,194	19,940	352,079	
Noncurrent liabilities						
Unamortized bond premiums	_	37,589	37,589	-	75,178	
Unamortized bond discounts	(22,351)	· -	-	_	(22,351)	
IMRF pension liability	155,883	55,110	13,443	_	224,436	
Bonds payable less						
current maturities	945,000	775,000	775,000		2,495,000	
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,078,532	867,699	826,032		2,772,263	
Total liabilities	1,293,200	946,976	864,226	19,940	3,124,342	
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred inflows related to:						
Property tax	-	-	22,740	-	22,740	
Pension obligations	207,894	73,497	17,928		299,319	
Total deferred inflows of resources	207,894	73,497	40,668		322,059	
Fund Net Position						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	1,969,727	(10,110)	342,634	-	2,302,251	
Unrestricted	625,083	786,314	74,673	(8,460)	1,477,610	
Total fund net position	2,594,810	776,204	417,307	(8,460)	3,779,861	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources, and net position	\$ 4,095,904	\$ 1,796,677	\$ 1,322,201	\$ 11,480	\$ 7,226,262	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Electric Light Plant and System Fund	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Garbage Fund	Total
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 2,378,313	\$ 427,304	\$ 350,374	\$ 138,272	\$ 3,294,263
Bad debt recoveries	36,000	4,000	-	-	40,000
Other	94,852	6,967	4,672	-	106,491
Total operating revenues	2,509,165	438,271	355,046	138,272	3,440,754
Operating expenses:					
Personnel services	445,303	173,249	32,434	-	650,986
Operations and contractual services	1,525,545	52,896	144,632	138,388	1,861,461
Materials and supplies	31,675	57,276	106,158	-	195,109
Depreciation	200,570	72,841	104,156		377,567
Total operating expenses	2,203,093	356,262	387,380	138,388	3,085,123
Operating income (loss)	306,072	82,009	(32,334)	(116)	355,631
Non-operating revenues (expenses):					
Sewer chlorination levy	-	-	23,051	-	23,051
Interest revenue	3,941	686	78	-	4,705
Interest expense	(33,975)	(27,187)	(27,187)		(88,349)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(30,034)	(26,501)	(4,058)		(60,593)
Net income (loss) before					
other financing sources (uses)	276,038	55,508	(36,392)	(116)	295,038
Other financing sources (uses):					
Inter-office charges	(275,000)	(70,000)	(60,000)	-	(405,000)
Transfers in	-	9,435	95,563	-	104,998
Transfers out	(86,435)	(1,853)			(88,288)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(361,435)	(62,418)	35,563		(388,290)
Change in net position	(85,397)	(6,910)	(829)	(116)	(93,252)
Net position, beginning of year, restated	2,680,207	783,114	418,136	(8,344)	3,873,113
Net position, end of year	\$ 2,594,810	\$ 776,204	\$ 417,307	\$ (8,460)	\$ 3,779,861

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Electric Light Plant and System Fund	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Garbage Fund	Total
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities:	System Fund	Tund	Tund	Tund	10141
Cash received from customers	\$ 2,468,668	\$ 437,226	\$ 360,836	\$ 138,845	\$ 3,405,575
Cash payments to employees for services	(509,988)	(201,971)	(33,295)	-	(745,254)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(1,546,118)	(117,225)	(260,134)	(138,845)	(2,062,322)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	412,562	118,030	67,407		597,999
Cash flows from (used in) non-capital financing activites:					
Transfers (to) from other funds	(86,435)	7,582	95,563	-	16,710
Inter-office charges	(275,000)	(70,000)	(60,000)	-	(405,000)
Purchase of investments	(596,625)	(109,983)	(40,000)	-	(746,608)
Proceeds from sewer chlorination levy	-	-	23,051	-	23,051
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital					
financing activities	(958,060)	(172,401)	18,614	_	(1,111,847)
intalieng activities	(230,000)	(172,401)	10,014		(1,111,047)
Cash flows from (used in) capital and related					
financing activities:					
Purchase of capital assets	(101,303)	(9,435)	(55,962)	-	(166,700)
Principal paid on revenue bonds	(80,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)	-	(130,000)
Interest paid on revenue bonds	(32,630)	(29,019)	(29,020)		(90,669)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and					
related financing activities	(213,933)	(63,454)	(109,982)	_	(387,369)
related intaneing activities	(213,733)	(03,131)	(10),702)		(307,307)
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities:					
Interest from investments	3,941	686	78		4,705
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	3,941	686	78	-	4,705
Net increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents	(755,490)	(117,139)	(23,883)		(896,512)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents	(733,490)	(117,139)	(23,863)	-	(890,312)
Cash and cash equivalents, unrestricted:					
Beginning of year, restated	982,028	951,920	92,580		2,026,528
End of year	\$ 226,538	\$ 834,781	\$ 68,697	\$ -	\$ 1,130,016
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to					
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	e 2070	e 92.000	\$ (32,334)	e (116)	e 255 (21
Operating income (loss)	\$ 306,072	\$ 82,009	\$ (32,334)	\$ (116)	\$ 355,631
Adjustments:	200 570	72 941	104.156		377,567
Depreciation	200,570	72,841	104,156	-	
Expenses related to pension obligations Change in assets and liabilities:	(56,588)	(22,960)	(1,263)	-	(80,811)
(Increase) decrease in:					-
Accounts receivable	(40.407)	(1,499)	5 700	573	(25,622)
	(40,497)		5,790	3/3	(35,633)
Prepaid expenses	909	15	104	-	1,028
(Decrease) increase in:	10 102	(7.000)	(0.440)	(457)	((700)
Accounts payable	10,193	(7,068)	(9,448)	(457)	(6,780)
Accrued expenses	(8,097)	(5,762)	402	-	(13,457)
Meter deposits		454			454
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 412,562	\$ 118,030	\$ 67,407	\$ -	\$ 597,999

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to Financial Statements

April 30, 2021

Note 1 – <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>:

Reporting Entity

The City of Farmer City (the "City") is a municipal corporation governed by an elected Mayor and City Council. The accompanying financial statements present the operations of the primary government.

In evaluating how to define the government for financial reporting purposes, the City has considered all potential component units. Generally accepted accounting principles require that the financial statements present component units for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The City has determined that it is not financially accountable for any component units and, therefore, no component units have been made a part of this statement.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the statements. Governmental activities, which are generally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges for fees, licenses and permits, 2) fines, 3) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function, and 4) operating grants and contributions. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures and expenditures related to claims and judgements are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

April 30, 2021

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Continued:

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - Continued

The funds are grouped into two fund types and five generic funds as described below:

Governmental Fund Types

These are the funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The funds included in this category are as follows:

General Fund – This fund is established to account for resources devoted to financing the general services that the City performs for its citizens. General tax revenues and other sources of revenue used to finance the fundamental operations of the City are included in this fund. The fund is charged with all costs of operating the government for which a separate fund has not been established.

Special Revenue Funds – These funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Debt Service Funds – These funds are established for the purpose of accumulating resources for the payment of interest and principal on long-term general obligation debt other than that payable from enterprise funds.

Capital Projects Fund – This fund is established to account for major capital expenditures not financed by enterprise funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The principal operating fund of the City, which is used to account for all activities not included in other specified funds.

Tax Increment Financing Fund II – A special revenue fund used to account for and report all financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures related to the Tax Increment Financing District II redevelopment project. Revenues are generated from local property taxes.

Capital Projects Fund – A capital project fund used to account for and report the financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures related to the City's non-enterprise capital purchases.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

April 30, 2021

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Continued:

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - Continued

Proprietary Fund Types

These funds account for operations that are organized to be self-supported through user charges. The funds included in this category are the Enterprise funds.

Enterprise Funds – These funds are established to account for operations that are financed and conducted in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Electric Light Plant and System Fund – An enterprise fund that accounts for the provision of electric services to residents. All activities necessary to providing such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration and billing operations, capital outlay and maintenance, financing, and related debt service. Revenues are generated from charges for services.

Water Fund – An enterprise fund that accounts for the provision of water services to residents. All activities necessary to providing such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration and billing operations, capital outlay and maintenance, financing, and related debt service. Revenues are generated from charges for services.

Sewer Fund – An enterprise fund that accounts for the provision of sewer services to residents. All activities necessary to providing such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration and billing operations, capital outlay and maintenance, financing, and related debt service. Revenues are generated from charges for services.

Garbage Fund – An enterprise fund that accounts for the provision of refuse pickup and disposal services to residents. All activities necessary to providing such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration and billing operations, capital outlay and maintenance, financing, and related debt service. Revenues are generated from charges for services.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Electric Light Plant and Systems, Water, Sewer, and Garbage Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

April 30, 2021

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Continued:

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity - Continued

Deposits and Investments

The Public Funds Investment Act of the State of Illinois allows municipalities to invest in the following:

- U.S. Treasury obligations
- Direct obligations of any bank as defined by the Illinois Banking Act
- Certain corporate short-term obligations
- Certain public agencies
- Public Treasurers' Investment Pool
- Certain money market mutual funds

Investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair market value.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are either due to/from other funds or advances to/from other funds. Other outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to/from other funds. All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Internal and Interfund Balances and Activities

In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activities and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified.

Interfund services are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/ expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/ expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/ expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except interfund services and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

Capital Assets

Capital assets consisting of property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost exceeding \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of twenty-four consecutive months.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are stated at their fair market value on the date donated.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useable life of the underlying asset are not capitalized.

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

April 30, 2021

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Continued:

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity - Continued

Capital Assets - Continued

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest expense was incurred by the City for construction projects during the current fiscal year.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets and intangible assets used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation and amortization are reported on proprietary fund balance sheets. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Electric light plant and system	20 - 30 years
Waterworks and sewerage system	20 - 30 years
Infrastructure	20 years
Machinery and equipment	5-10 years
Furniture and office equipment	5-10 years

Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, and drainage systems. The City has elected to report only those infrastructure fixed assets that were acquired or constructed after April 30, 2005.

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid vacation, sick pay, and other employee benefit amounts are accrued when incurred. Only the current portion of such amounts would be accrued in governmental funds. The long-term portion of such amounts is reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. At April 30, 2021, the City was obligated for \$56,397 of accumulated vacation pay.

Restricted Assets

Throughout the fiscal year, certain assets of the Water Fund and Tax Increment Financing Fund II are restricted as to use by various parties. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021, the City had \$0 in restricted asset balances.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

Fund Equity

The City has implemented GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used.

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

April 30, 2021

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Continued:

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity - Continued

Fund Equity - Continued

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory, prepaid expenses, long-term receivables) or are required to be maintained intact;
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as
 grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by
 enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level of action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can
 be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body
 delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The City establishes (modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment. Assigned fund balances are established by the City through the same process as intended for specific purposes (such as the purchase or construction of capital assets, debt service, or for other purposes).

Net Position

The City has implemented GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position. The objective of this Statement is to provide financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition or improvement of those assets.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the City's policy to consider restricted to have been depleted before unrestricted is applied.

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

April 30, 2021

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Continued:

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity - Continued

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City is under the appropriations method as described in the Illinois Compiled Statutes. The Annual Appropriations Ordinance passed by the City is the legally binding document which restricts the City's maximum expenditure of funds.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

Note 2 – <u>Deposits and Investments</u>:

Deposits

The City maintains a cash pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statement as "cash and cash equivalents." The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. In addition, investments are separately held by several of the City's funds. The investments are governed by an investment policy.

The carrying amount of the City's deposits and investments with financial institutions was \$4,110,797, and the bank balance was \$4,326,500, at April 30, 2021. The institutions' balances are categorized as follows:

Demand	dan	anta.
i jemana	α	

Amount insured by FDIC	\$ 250,001
Uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the	
pledging financial institution but not in the name of the City	 1,550,202
Total demand deposits	\$ 1,800,203

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

April 30, 2021

Note 2 – Deposits and Investments – Continued:

Time deposits

Amount insured by FDIC	353,694
Uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution but not in the name of the City	2,172,603
Total time deposits	\$ <u>2,526,297</u>
Total institutions' balances	<u>\$ 4,326,500</u>
Total balance uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ -

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. As of April 30, 2021, \$3,722,805 of the City's bank balance of \$4,326,500 was exposed to custodial credit risk. The City mitigates this risk by entering into collateral agreements for uninsured cash amounts on deposit.

The following securities were pledged as collateral for the City's deposits in excess of the maximum depository insurance:

Security	CUSIP	Interest Rate	<u>Maturity</u>	<u> </u>	air Value
FNM 16010 MA	3136AQ6J4	1.50%	10/25/2044		1,377,044
FNMA Pool #AL274	3138EKBJ3	3.00%	07/01/2027		1,653,875
Other Securities – The	e Illinois Funds				1,263,612
				\$	7,090,311

Investments

The City invests excess unrestricted cash reserves with the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET). IMET is an actively managed investment fund for Illinois units of local government, which offers two investment options, the IMET 1-3 Year Series and the IMET Convenience Series. Both investment options are comprised of collateralized bank deposits, FDIC insured certificates of deposit, and U.S. Government securities. At April 30, 2021, the City's funds invested with IMET were as follows:

Fund	Shares held	Price per share	Fair Value
Convenience Fund	485,132.780	\$ 1.0000	\$ 485,133
1-3 Year Fund	28,850.694	20.9110	561,475
			\$ 1,046,608

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty to the investment, the City will not be able to recover the value of their investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The City limits the exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to securities in accordance with their respective policies, prequalifying institutions, and diversifying the portfolio so the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or from one individual issuer will be minimized.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in the market interest rates. The City limits the exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and investing funds in secured investment pools.

CITY OF FARMER CITY, ILLINOIS Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

April 30, 2021

Note 3 – <u>Capital Assets</u>:

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning	T	D	Ending
	Balance	<u>Increases</u>	Decreases	Balance
Governmental Activities	1			
Capital assets not being depreciated		Ф	Φ.	Φ 104.200
Land	\$ 104,390	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 104,390
Work in process	189,208	1,319,584		1,508,792
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated	293,598	1,319,584		1,613,182
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	1,344,767	-	-	1,347,767
Equipment	1,459,374	-	-	1,459,374
Infrastructure	4,672,057	79,101	-	4,751,158
Land improvements	118,457	44,554		163,011
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	7,597,655	123,655		7,721,310
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building	(1,262,697)	(5,657)	-	(1,268,354)
Equipment	(1,249,352)	(43,223)	-	(1,292,575)
Infrastructure	(1,987,843)	(290,772)	-	(2,278,615)
Land improvements	(1,974)	(8,640)		(10,614)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,501,866)	(348,292)		(4,850,158)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	3,095,789	1,279,008	-	2,871,152
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>3,389,387</u>	\$ <u>1,468,216</u>	\$	\$ <u>4,484,334</u>

CITY OF FARMER CITY, ILLINOIS Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

April 30, 2021

Note 3 – <u>Capital Assets – Continued</u>:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciate				
Land	\$ <u>40,000</u>	\$	\$	\$ <u>40,000</u>
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated	40,000			40,000
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and systems	14,914,586	42,182	-	14,956,768
Infrastructure	2,661,762	49,998	-	2,711,760
Equipment	1,223,740	74,520		1,298,260
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	18,800,088	166,700		18,966,788
Less accumulated depreciation for	:			
Buildings and systems	(12,281,310)	(246,165)	-	(12,527,475)
Infrastructure	(372,476)	(84,095)	-	(456,571)
Equipment	(1,043,184)	(47,307)		(1,090,491)
Total accumulated depreciation	(13,696,970)	(377,567)		(14,074,537)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	5,103,118	(210,867		4,892,251
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>5,143,118</u>	\$ <u>(210,867)</u>	\$	\$ <u>4,932,251</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government in the following manner:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 203,838
Public safety	26,340
Public works	70,123
Streets and alleys	45,321
Recreation	 2,670
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 348,292
Business-type activities:	
Electric light plant and system	\$ 200,570
Water	72,841
Sewer	 104,156
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$ 377,567

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

April 30, 2021

Note 4 – <u>Long-Term Debt</u>:

Governmental Activities

Alternate Revenue Bonds – Series 2019B

During the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, the City issued \$1,930,000 of General Obligation Bonds (Alternative Revenue Source), Series 2019B. Proceeds of this issue were used for improvements within the TIF II and TIF III (Farmer City Forward) Districts. Repayment commenced December 1, 2019 with regular payments due December 1st and June 1st annually and a final payment due December 1, 2043.

Remaining liabilities under the Series 2019B Alternate Revenue Bond at April 30, 2021 were as follows:

Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Principal Due	Interest Due for Year Payable Semi-Annually	 Total mount Due in Fiscal Year
2022	1.80%	\$ 55,000	\$ 68,060	\$ 123,060
2023	1.80%	60,000	67,070	127,070
2024	1.80%	60,000	65,990	125,990
2025	2.20%	60,000	64,670	124,670
2026	2.20%	60,000	63,350	123,350
2027 to 2031	2.20 to 4.00%	335,000	288,630	623,630
2032 to 2036	4.00%	410,000	217,600	627,600
2037 to 2041	4.00%	490,000	129,200	619,200
2042 to 2044	4.00%	345,000	28,000	 373,000
	<u>\$</u>	1,875,000	<u>\$ 992,570</u>	\$ 2,867,570

Business-Type Activities

Alternate Revenue Bonds – Series 2017

During the fiscal year ended April 30, 2018, the City issued \$1,300,000 of General Obligation Bonds (Alternative Revenue Source), Series 2017. Proceeds of this issue were used to pay down the callable portion of the Series 2011 bond issue.

Remaining liabilities under the Series 2017 Alternate Revenue Bond at April 30, 2021 were as follows:

				Total
Maturity	Interest	Principal	Interest Due for Year	Amount Due in
Date	Rate	Due	Payable Semi-Annually	Fiscal Year
2022	2.25%	85,000	30,830	115,830
2023	2.25%	85,000	28,918	113,918
2024	2.50%	85,000	27,005	112,005
2025	2.50%	90,000	24,880	114,880
2026	2.50%	90,000	22,630	112,630
2027 to 2031	2.80% to 4.00%	490,000	73,960	563,960
2032	4.00%	105,000	4,200	109,200
	<u>(</u>	1,030,000	<u>\$ 212,423</u>	\$ 1,242,423

CITY OF FARMER CITY, ILLINOIS Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

April 30, 2021

Note 4 – Long-Term Debt - Continued:

Business-Type Activities – Continued

Alternate Revenue Bonds – Series 2019A

During the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, the City issued \$1,650,000 of General Obligation Bonds (Alternative Revenue Source, Series 2019A. Proceeds of this issue were used to support major infrastructure improvements in the Water and Sewer Funds. Repayment commenced December 1, 2019 with regular payments due December 1st and June 1st annually and a final payment due December 1, 2043.

Remaining liabilities under the Series 2019A Alternate Revenue Bond at April 30, 2021 were as follows:

Motumity	Interest	Duin ain al	Interest Due for Year	Total Amount Due in
Maturity	merest	Principal	interest Due for Tear	Due in
Date	Rate	Due	Payable Semi-Annually	Fiscal Year
2022	1.90%	\$ 50,00	0 \$ 57,087	\$ 107,087
2023	1.90%	50,00	56,138	106,138
2024	1.90%	50,00	55,187	105,187
2025	1.90%	50,00	54,238	104,238
2026	2.25%	55,00	53,113	108,113
2027 to 2031	2.25 to 4.00%	285,00	0 243,913	528,913
2032 to 2036	4.00%	345,00	0 185,400	530,400
2037 to 2041	4.00%	420,00	0 110,400	530,400
2042 to 2044	4.00%	295,00	23,800	318,800
		¢ 1 600 00	0 \$ 839,276	¢ 2.420.276
		<u>\$ 1,600,00</u>	<u>v</u> <u>s 839,270</u>	<u>\$ 2,439,276</u>

Changes in general long-term liability activity for the year ended April 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Act	on:	¢.	ф. 105.000	¢.	¢.
Series 2007 Alternate Revenu	\$ 105,000	\$ -	\$ 105,000	\$ -	\$ -
Series 2019B	1,930,000 2,035,000		55,000 160,000	1,875,000 1,875,000	55,000 55,000
Business-Type Ac	etivities etivit				
Alternate Revenu	e:				
Series 2017	\$ 1,110,000	\$ -	\$ 80,000	\$ 1,030,000	\$ 85,000
Series 2019A	1,650,000		50,000	1,600,000	50,000
Total	2,760,000		130,000	2,630,000	135,000
	<u>\$ 4,795,000</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 290,000</u>	\$ 4,505,000	<u>\$ 190,000</u>

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

April 30, 2021

Note 5 – <u>Property Taxes</u>:

The City's tax levy ordinance related to the taxes collected in 2021 was adopted December 2020. Property taxes are assessed and attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes normally are collected between May 1 and September 1 (the last day of payment without penalty or interest) of the following year. The DeWitt County Treasurer is responsible for collecting and disbursing the tax monies to the City.

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, property taxes are recognized as revenue in the budgetary year for which they are levied. Property taxes receivable are recorded as deferred revenue since they are budgeted to pay next year's expenses.

Property taxes receivable as of April 30, 2021, consist of the following:

		2020 Tax
		Levy Year
General Fund	\$	102,332
Tax Increment Financing Fund II		374,031
Non-Major Governmental Funds		372,475
Proprietary Funds	_	22,740
Total	\$	871,578

Note 6 – Interfund Loans and Transfers:

Origin of Interfund Balances

During the course of normal operations, the City has various transactions between funds including expenditures and transfers of resources, primarily to provide services. Interfund receivables/payables between various funds reflect advances made and received that are still outstanding as of fiscal year end, as applicable. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid in a future fiscal year.

Transfers are used to provide resources from unrestricted funds revenues to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Interfund transfers consist of the following transactions:

	Transfer From		Transfer <u>To</u>	
General Fund:				
$DUI^{(1)}$	\$	7,650	\$	-
Electric ⁽²⁾		4,435		-
Water ⁽²⁾		1,853		
	\$	13,938	\$	
Capital Projects Fund:				
Electric ⁽³⁾	\$	27,000		-
Water ⁽⁴⁾		-		9,435
Sewer ⁽⁴⁾				40,563
	\$	27,000	\$	49,998
DUI Fund:				
General ⁽¹⁾	\$		\$	7,650

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

April 30, 2021

Note 6 – <u>Interfund Loans and Transfers – Continued</u>:

Electric Fund:			
Sewer ⁽³⁾	\$	-	\$ 55,000
Capital Projects ⁽³⁾		-	27,000
General ⁽²⁾			 4,435
	\$		\$ 86,435
Water Fund:			
Capital Projects ⁽⁴⁾	\$	9,435	\$ -
General ⁽²⁾			 1,853
	<u>\$</u>	9,435	\$ 1,853
Sewer Fund:			_
Electric ⁽³⁾	\$	55,000	\$ -
Capital Projects ⁽⁴⁾		40,563	
-	\$	95,563	\$

⁽¹⁾DUI revenues deposited into the General Fund

Inter-office charges are year-end transfers into the General fund to support the administrative duties conducted on behalf the other funds. For the year ended April 30, 2021, inter-office charges included:

	Transfer		Transfer	
	From			То
General Fund	\$	-	\$	435,000
Tax Increment Financing II		5,000		-
Business District #1		20,000		-
DUI		5,000		-
Water		70,000		-
Sewer		60,000		-
Electric		275,000		
	<u>\$</u>	435,000	\$	435,000

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan:

The City's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City's plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund ("IMRF"), an agent multiple-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at www.imrf.org.

Plan Description

All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. Public Act 96-0889 created a second tier of IMRF's Regular Plan. IMRF assigns a benefit tier to a member when they are enrolled in IMRF. The tier is determined by the member's first IMRF participation date.

⁽²⁾ Accounting error related to health insurance

⁽³⁾ Redistribution of municipal utility taxes

⁽⁴⁾ Capitalization of expenditures for proprietary assets

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

April 30, 2021

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Continued:

Plan Description - Continued

If the member participated in IMRF before January 1, 2011, they participate in the *Regular Tier 1*. If the member participated in IMRF on or after January 1, 2011, they participate in *Regular Tier 2*.

For *Regular Tier 1*, pension benefits vest after eight years of qualifying service credit. Participating members who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 ^{2/3} % of their final rate (average of the highest 48 consecutive months' earnings during the last 10 years) of earnings for each year of credited service up to 15 years and 2% for each year thereafter to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

For *Regular Tier 2*, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating members who retire at age 62 (with reduced benefits) or after age 67 (with full benefits) with ten years of service, or age 62 with 35 years of service, are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 ^{2/3}% of their final rate (average of the highest 96 consecutive months' earnings during the last 10 years) of earning for each year of credited services up to 15 years and 2% for each year thereafter to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age of 67, by the lesser of 3% of the original pension amount or ½ of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Plan Membership

At December 31, 2020, the measurement date, membership of the plan was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries	29
Inactive, non-retired members	14
Active members	21
Total	64

Contributions

As set by statute, City regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The statutes require the City to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The City's annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2020 was 15.99%. The City also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Net Pension Liability / (Asset)

The net pension liability / (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability / (asset) was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

April 30, 2021

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Continued:

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability / (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of IMRF and additions to/deductions from IMRF fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IMRF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Actuarial Assumptions

Total pension liabilities for the Regular plan were determined by actuarial valuations performed as of December 31, 2020, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

	Regular Plan
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.25% Inflation 2.25%

Salary increase 2.85% to 13.75%, including inflation

Mortality

For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amounted-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

For active members, the Pube-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using an asset allocation study in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce long-term expected rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table on the following page.

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

April 30, 2021

Note 7 – <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Continued</u>:

<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return – Continued</u>

			Projected R	eturns/Risk_
	Target	Return	One Year	Ten Year
Asset Class	Allocation	12/31/20	Arithmetic	Geometric
Equities	37%	22.07%	6.35%	5.00%
International equities	18%	13.52%	7.65%	6.00%
Fixed income	28%	7.87%	1.40%	1.30%
Real estate	9%	4.20%	7.10%	6.20%
Alternatives	7%			
Private equity		N/A	10.35%	6.95%
Hedge funds		N/A	N/A	N/A
Commodities		N/A	3.90%	2.85%
Cash equivalents	1%	2.56%	0.70%	0.70%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the December 31, 2020 total pension liability for IMRF was 7.25%. The discount rate calculated using the December 31, 2019, measurement date was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rate equal to the differences between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the fiduciary net position was projected not to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments of 7.25% was blended with the index rate of 2.00% for tax-exempt 20-year general obligation municipal bonds with an average AA credit rating at December 31, 2020, to arrive at a discount rate of 7.25% used to determine the total pension liability. The year ending December 31, 2120, is the last year in the 2021 to 2120 projection period for which projected benefit payments are fully funded.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net position liability / (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability of the City calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% as well as what the net position liability / (asset) would be if it were to be calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1%	<u>Decrease</u>	<u>D</u>	iscount Rate	19	% Increase
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	7,260,623 6,030,830		6,543,801 6,030,830	\$ _	5,952,011 6,030,830
Net position liability / (asset)	\$	1,229,793	\$	512,971	\$_	(78,819)

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

April 30, 2021

Note 7 – <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Continued</u>:

Change in Net Pension Liability / (Asset)

The City's change in net position liability / (asset) for the calendar year ended December 31, 2020, was as follows:

	Increase / (Decrease)						
	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Pension						
		Liability]	Net Position	L	iability/(Asset)	
		<u>(a)</u>	-	(b)		(a) - (b)	
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	6,268,111	\$	5,321,389	\$	946,722	
Service cost	Ψ	119,439	Ψ	5,521,507	Ψ	119,439	
Interest on total pension liability		443,728		_		443,728	
Differences between expected and actual		443,720		-		443,720	
experience of the total pension liability		138,498		-		138,498	
Change of assumptions		(11,084)		_		(11,084)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of		() ,				(, ,	
employee contributions		(414,891)		(414,891)		-	
Contributions – employer		-		174,720		(174,720)	
Contributions – employee		-		55,370		(55,370)	
Net investment income		-		751,196		(751,196)	
Other (Net Transfer)				143,046		(143,046)	
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$_	6,543,801	\$_	6,030,830	\$	512,971	

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City recognized pension income of \$25,129 for the Regular Plan. The City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u>	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$ 97,303 1,221	\$ 174 7,710
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	233,932	676,239
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods	332,456	684,123
Pension plan contributions made subsequent To the measurement date	58,055	
Total deferred amounts related to pension	\$ <u>390,511</u>	\$ <u>684,123</u>

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

April 30, 2021

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Continued:

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows/ Outflows of Resources - Continued

The amounts reported as deferred outflows resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date in the above table will be recognized as a reduction in the net position liabilities / (asset) for the year ending December 31, 2020. The remaining amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	Net Deferred Outflows
December 31,	of Resources
2021	\$ (90,298)
2022	(21,659)
2023	(166,329)
2024	(73,381)
2025	-
Thereafter	
Total	\$ (351,667)

Note 8 – <u>Risk Management</u>:

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has joined together with other municipalities in the State of Illinois to form the Illinois Municipal League Risk Management Association (IMLRMA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for its member municipalities.

The City pays an annual premium to IMLRMA for its general insurance coverage which includes workers' compensation, comprehensive general liability, inland marine, automobile physical damage, and property loss. Each area of coverage is subject to limitations that would be comparable to commercial insurance coverage. The agreement for formation of the IMLRMA provides that IMLRMA will be self-sustaining through member contributions and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$15 million for each insured event. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

Note 9 – <u>Legal Debt Margin:</u>

The statutory debt limit of the City is 8.625% of assessed valuation, less any applicable debt. The legal debt margin at April 30, 2021 is as follows:

Total Assessed Valuation – 2020 Tax Year	\$ 22,740,483
Statutory Debt Limitation: 8.625% of Assessed Valuation	<u>\$ 1,961,367</u>
Less: Total Applicable Debt:	
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 1,961,367

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

April 30, 2021

Note 10 - <u>Intergovernmental Receivables</u>:

Intergovernmental taxes receivable as of April 30, 2021, consist of the following:

Income tax – General Fund	\$ 64,351
Replacement tax – General Fund	6,884
Sales tax – General Fund	33,491
Excise tax – General Fund	2,085
Use tax – General Fund	12,071
Video gaming tax – General Fund	13,426
Cannabis tax – General Fund	504
Motor fuel tax – Motor Fuel Tax Fund	6,711
Business district tax – Business District Tax Fund	 14,624
Total	\$ 154,147

Note 11 – Restatement of Fund Balance:

During the year ended April 30, 2021, it was discovered that errors had been made in recording certain amounts in the prior year.

The following financial statement items were affected by this correction at April 30, 2020:

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,	As Previously Stated		As Restated		 Effect of Correction
And Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds					
General Fund: Compensated absences Fund balance	\$	27,854 1,071,586	\$	- 1,099,440	\$ (27,854) 27,854
Tax Increment Financing Fund II: Due From – TIF III Due To – TIF III Fund balance	\$	25,905 (825,783) (430,872)	\$	369,006	\$ (25,905) 825,783 799,878
Capital Projects Fund: Due From – Water Due From – Sewer Fund balance	\$	850,000 850,000 214,671	\$	- - 1,914,671	\$ (850,000) (850,000) 1,700,000
Tax Increment Financing Fund III: Due To – TIF II Due From – TIF II Fund balance	\$	(25,905) 825,782 831,843	\$	- - 31,966	\$ 25,905 (825,783) (799,878)

Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

April 30, 2021

Note 11 – Restatement of Fund Balance – Continued:

	As	Previously Stated	As	s Restated	_	Effect of Correction
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, And Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds						
Proprietary Funas	•					
Water Fund:						
Due From – Capital Projects	\$	850,000	\$	-	\$	(850,000)
Fund balance		1,633,114		783,114		(850,000)
Sewer Fund:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	133,817	\$	92,578	\$	(41,239)
Due From – Capital Projects		850,000		-		(850,000)
Fund balance		1,309,375		418,136		(891,239)

Note 12 – Fair Value Measurements:

The City has determined the fair value of its investments through application of GASB Statement No. 72 *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. Fair value measurements are categorized into one of three levels based on the lowest level of significant input:

- Level 1 Value is based on observable inputs that reflect quoted prices in active markets, for identical assets or liabilities, for which the government has access to.
- Level 2 Value is based on inputs that reflect quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability.
- Level 3 Value is based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of imput that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The fair value of the City's investments, measured on a recurring basis, are as follows at April 30, 2021:

			<u>Fair Value Measurements at Reported Date, using:</u>							
	_Fa	Fair Value (Level 1)				evel 2)	(I	Level 3)		
IMET Convenience Fund	\$	485,133	\$	485,133	\$	-	\$	-		
IMET 1-3 Year Fund		561,475		561,367		_				
	\$	1,046,608	\$	1,046,608	\$		\$			

Note 13 – <u>Subsequent Eve</u>nts:

No events have occurred subsequent to April 30, 2021 that are required to be disclosed in these financial statements. This evaluation was made as of December 22, 2021, the date these financial statements were available to be issued.



Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Last 10 Calendar Years

	2	020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total pension liability:					 		
Service cost		119,439	\$ 104,933	\$ 99,756	\$ 101,415	\$ 102,665	\$ 100,734
Interest on the total pension liability		443,728	430,563	407,218	393,962	363,424	342,811
Changes in benefit terms		-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual							
experience on the total pension liability		138,498	(506)	121,648	70,887	133,614	(5,279)
Changes in assumptions		(11,084)	-	154,434	(151,093)	(24,681)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
employee contributions		414,891)	(306,436)	 (246,388)	 (228,791)	 (157,624)	 (168,232)
Net change in total pension liability		275,690	228,554	536,668	186,380	417,398	270,034
Total pension liability - beginning	6,	268,111	 6,039,557	 5,502,889	 5,316,509	 4,899,111	 4,629,077
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 6,	543,801	\$ 6,268,111	\$ 6,039,557	\$ 5,502,889	\$ 5,316,509	\$ 4,899,111
Plan fiduciary net position:							
Employer contributions	\$	174,720	\$ 152,903	\$ 194,628	\$ 147,314	\$ 139,281	\$ 133,376
Employee contributions		55,370	46,839	43,195	42,177	42,859	39,590
Net investment income		751,196	847,715	(230,954)	654,289	262,995	19,137
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of member contributions	(414,891)	(306,436)	(246,388)	(228,791)	(157,624)	(168,232)
Other (net transfer)		143,046	 15,909	 162,695	 (12,682)	 15,304	 (112,719)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		709,441	756,930	(76,824)	602,307	302,815	(88,848)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	5,	321,389	 4,564,459	 4,641,283	 4,038,976	 3,736,161	 3,825,009
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 6,	030,830	\$ 5,321,389	\$ 4,564,459	\$ 4,641,283	\$ 4,038,976	\$ 3,736,161
Employer's net pension liability (a) - (b)	\$	512,971	\$ 946,722	\$ 1,475,098	\$ 861,606	\$ 1,277,533	\$ 1,162,950
Plan fiduciary net position as a							
percentage of the total pension liability		92.16%	84.90%	75.58%	84.34%	75.97%	76.26%
Covered-employee payroll	1,	092,682	1,040,868	959,900	937,264	938,554	879,782
Employer's net pension liability as a							
percentage of covered-employee payroll		46.95%	90.96%	153.67%	91.93%	136.12%	132.19%

Note to schedule:

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2016. Information prior to fiscal year 2016 is not available.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Schedule of Employer Contributions

Last 10 Calendar Years

Calendar Year Ending December 31,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Valuation Payroll	Actual Contribution as a percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll
2015	122 275	122 276	(1)	970 793	15 170/
2015	133,375	133,376	(1)	879,782	15.16%
2016	139,281	139,281	-	938,554	14.84%
2017	140,402	147,314	(6,912)	937,261	15.72%
2018	156,464	194,628	(38,164)	959,900	20.28%
2019	152,904	152,903	1	1,040,868	14.69%
2020	174,720 *	174,720	-	1,092,682	15.99%

^{*} Estimated based on contribution rate of 15.99% and covered valuation payroll of \$1,092,682

Note to schedule:

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2016. Information prior to fiscal year 2016 is not available.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Valuation date

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Aggregate entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 23-year closed period until remaining period reaches 15 years

(then 15 year rolling period).

Early Retirement Incentive Plan Liabilities: a period up to 10 years selected by the Employer upon adoption of ERI.

Asset valuation method 5-Year Smoothed Market, 20% Corridor

Wage growth 3.25%

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.35% to 14.25% including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25%

Retirement age Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition. Last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period 2014-2016.

Mortality For non-disabled retirees, fully generational projections scale

MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with

adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

For disabled retirees, fully generational projections scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Morality Table apply the same adjustment that were applied for non-

disabled lives.

For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with

adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Other information There were no benefit changes during the year.

${\bf Budgetary\ Comparison\ Schedule-General\ Fund-Unaudited}$

	Budgeted Amounts		Actı	ual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget			
		Original		Final	(Bud	getary Basis)	Ove	r / (Under)
Cash receipts								
Property tax	\$	115,000	\$	115,000	\$	119,502	\$	4,502
Income tax	•	175,000	,	175,000	•	233,515	•	58,515
Replacement tax		13,000		13,000		23,087		10,087
Sales tax		180,000		180,000		191,997		11,997
Excise tax		15,000		15,000		14,396		(604)
Use tax		55,000		55,000		91,074		36,074
Video gaming tax		30,000		30,000		38,274		8,274
Cannabis tax		, -		_		1,665		1,665
Donations		_		-		1,500		1,500
Fines, fees, permits and licenses		44,425		44,425		43,119		(1,306)
Grants		-		_		61,495		61,495
Interest		20,000		20,000		2,588		(17,412)
Miscellaneous		32,855		32,855		21,602		(11,253)
Total cash receipts		680,280		680,280		843,814		163,534
Cash disbursements								
General government		386,705		386,705		454,929		68,224
Public safety		468,050		468,050		502,161		34,111
Streets and alleys		217,900		217,900		217,385		(515)
Recreation		35,450		35,450		37,209		1,759
Capital outlay		19,551		19,551		<u> </u>		(19,551)
Total cash disbursements	1	1,127,656		1,127,656		1,211,684		84,028
Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts over (under) cash disbursements		(447,376)		(447,376)		(367,870)		79,506
,		()- : - /		(), , , , ,		(= = =)= = =)		,
Other financing sources (uses):								
Inter-office charges		400,000		400,000		435,000		35,000
Transfer in		25,000		25,000		13,938		(11,062)
Total other financing sources (uses)		425,000		425,000		448,938		23,938
Net change in fund balance	\$	(22,376)	\$	(22,376)		81,068	\$	103,444
Fund balance (budgetary basis) – beginning	g of ye	ar, restated				1,115,690		
Fund balance (budgetary basis) – end of year	ar				\$	1,196,758		

Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis Cash Receipts and Cash Disbursements to GAAP Revenues and Expenses – General Fund

Total cash receipts sources for general fund activities	\$	843,814
Differences – Budget to GAAP:		
Receivables are not recorded as budgetary cash receipts or other		
sources, but are revenue for financial reporting purposes: Intergovernmental tax receivable		51,617
Prepaid expenses		680
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues,		
expenditures, and changes in fund balance	\$	896,111
Total cash disbursements for general fund activities	\$	1,211,684
Differences – Budget to GAAP:		
Accruals are not recorded as budgetary cash disbursements or other financing uses, but are expenses for financial reporting purposes:		
Accounts payable		(40,744)
Accrued expenses		(50,625)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues,	Φ.	1 100 01 7
expenditures, and changes in fund balance	\$	1,120,315

CITY OF FARMER CITY, ILLINOIS Budgetary Comparison Schedule – TIF II Fund – Unaudited

	Budgetee	d Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget		
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Over / (Under)		
Cash receipts						
Property tax	\$ 348,000	\$ 348,000	\$ 375,023	\$ 27,023		
Grants	108,000	108,000	25,000	(83,000)		
Interest	1,000	1,000	274	(726)		
Total cash receipts	457,000	457,000	400,297	(56,703)		
Cash disbursements						
Public works	46,700	46,700	43,538	(3,162)		
Capital outlay	305,000	305,000	31,409	(273,591)		
Debt service - principal	155,000	155,000	160,000	5,000		
Debt service - interest	104,050	104,050	71,754	(32,296)		
Total cash disbursements	610,750	610,750	306,701	(304,049)		
Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts						
over (under) cash disbursements	(153,750)	(153,750)	93,596	247,346		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Inter-office charges	(5,000)	(5,000)	(5,000)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,000)	(5,000)	(5,000)			
Net change in fund balance	\$ (158,750)	\$ (158,750)	88,596	\$ 247,346		
Fund balance (budgetary basis) – beginnin	g of year		376,631			
Fund balance (budgetary basis) – end of ye	ear		\$ 465,227			

Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis Cash Receipts and Cash Disbursements to GAAP Revenues and Expenses – TIF II Fund

For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

There were no differences between budgetary basis cash receipts to GAAP revenues.

Total cash disbursements for TIF II activities \$ 306,701

Differences – Budget to GAAP:

Accruals are not recorded as budgetary cash disbursements or other financing uses, but are expenses for financial reporting purposes:

Accounts payable (7,625)

Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance \$ 299,076

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Capital Projects Fund - Unaudited

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget		
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Over / (Under)		
Cash receipts						
Grants	\$ 17,800	\$ 17,800	\$ 17,800	\$ -		
Interest	100	100	416	316		
Other			336	336		
Total cash receipts	17,900	17,900	18,552	652		
Cash disbursements						
Public works	40,000	40,000	13,565	(26,435)		
Capital outlay	1,685,000	1,685,000	1,364,139	(320,861)		
Total cash disbursements	1,725,000	1,725,000	1,377,704	(347,296)		
Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts						
over (under) cash disbursements	(1,707,100)	(1,707,100)	(1,359,152)	347,948		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	60,000	60,000	27,000	(33,000)		
Transfers out			(49,998)	(49,998)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	60,000	60,000	(22,998)	(82,998)		
Net change in fund balance	\$ (1,647,100)	\$ (1,647,100)	(1,382,150)	\$ 264,950		
Fund balance (budgetary basis) – beginning	g of year, restated		1,914,671			
Fund balance (budgetary basis) – end of ye	ar		\$ 532,521			

Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis Cash Receipts and Cash Disbursements to GAAP Revenues and Expenses – Capital Projects Fund

There were no differences between budgetary basis cash receipts to GAAP revenues.	
Total cash disbursements for Capital Projects activities	\$ 1,377,704
Differences – Budget to GAAP:	
Accruals are not recorded as budgetary cash disbursements or	
other financing uses, but are expenses for financial reporting purposes: Accounts payable	1,834
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues,	ф. 1. 250. 533
expenditures, and changes in fund balance	\$ 1,379,538

Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis Fund Balance to GAAP Basis Fund Balance

	General Fund	Tax Increment Financing Fund II	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Fund balance - Budgetary basis	\$ 1,196,758	\$ 465,227	532,521	1,086,275	\$ 3,280,781
Add back:					
Intergovernmental receivables	132,813	-	-	21,334	154,147
Other receivables	50	-	-	-	50
Prepaid expenses	913	-	-	36,042	36,955
Less:					
Accounts payable	(2,910)	-	(1,834)	-	(4,744)
Accrued expenses	(3,450)			(7,963)	(11,413)
Fund balance - GAAP basis	\$ 1,324,174	\$ 465,227	\$ 530,687	\$ 1,135,688	\$ 3,455,776

CITY OF FARMER CITY, ILLINOIS Notes to Required Supplementary Information

April 30, 2021

Note 1 – <u>Budget Policy and Practice</u>:

The City operates under an Annual Appropriation Ordinance that sets a limit on what may be spent during the fiscal year. The City staff also develops an annual budget in greater detail than the appropriation ordinance. This budget is based on the City's goals of what programs are to be funded, capital projects and purchases desired, levels of taxation, types and amounts of user fees, estimates of state revenues, historical operating expenses and desired cash reserves and fund balance. The appropriation is based on the budget. The appropriation ordinance must be adopted by majority vote of the City Council before the end of the first quarter of the fiscal year. The City staff uses this budget to guide operations during the fiscal year.

All budgets are adopted on the cash basis of accounting, which is an accounting framework other than those generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). The budgetary cash basis reports revenues (receipts) upon receipt of cash and expenditures (disbursements) when cash is paid.

Note 2 – Expenditures in Excess of Budget:

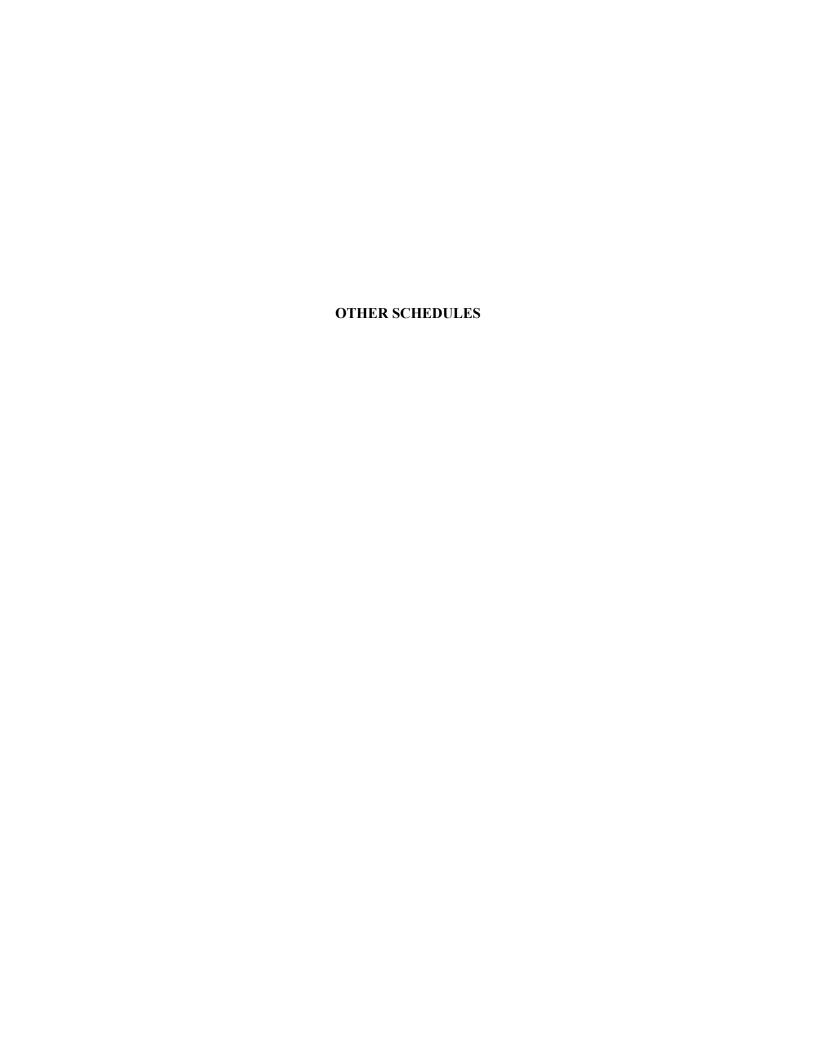
The following major funds had disbursements in excess of budgeted amounts during the fiscal year:

Fund	 Amount
General Fund	\$ 84,028

Note 3 – Restatement of Budgetary Basis Fund Balance

Beginning fund balance, budgetary basis, has been restated to conform to the budgetary basis of accounting at April 30, 2021, for the following funds:

General Fund As previously stated As restated	\$ 1,087,836 1,115,690	
Change	\$ 27,854	
Capital Projects Fund As previously stated As restated	\$ 1,939,646 1,914,671 \$ (24,975)	



Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds

Accepte]	Library Fund		ESDA Fund		Social Security Fund	C	School crossing Guard Fund	N	Illinois Iunicipal etirement Fund		Audit Fund		Motor Fuel Tax
Assets Cash and equivalents Property tax receivable Intergovernmental tax receivable Prepaid expenses	\$	45,693 34,111 -	\$	5,169 573 -	\$	117,499 52,512 -	\$	9,090 4,548 -	\$	72,269 136,989 - -	\$	57,451 27,400	\$	183,121 - 6,710 -
Total assets	\$	79,804	\$	5,742	\$	170,011	\$	13,638	\$	209,258	\$	84,851	\$	189,831
Liabilities	Ф	100	Φ.		ф	2.760		(2)	Φ.	5.040	Ф		ď.	
Accrued expenses	\$	100	\$		\$	2,760	\$	63	\$	5,040	\$		\$	
Total current liabilities		100				2,760		63		5,040				
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred inflows related to														
property tax receivable		34,111		573		52,512		4,548		136,989		27,400		<u>-</u>
Fund Balance Nonspedable Restricted for: Tax Increment Financing III		-		-		-		-				-		-
Motor Fuel Tax		_		_		_		_		_				189,831
Hotel-Motel Tax		_		_		_		_		_		_		-
Business District Tax		-		-		-		-		-		_		-
ESDA		-		5,169		-		-		-		-		-
Audit		-		-		-		-		-		57,451		-
Social Security		-		-		114,739		-		-		-		-
Working Cash		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital Projects		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Tax Increment Financing III		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
School Crossing Guard		-		-		-		9,027		-		-		-
IMRF		45.502		-		-		-		67,229		-		-
Library Committed:		45,593		-		-		-		-		-		-
Public safety														
Unassigned						-		_				_		-
Chassighed	-				_			_						
Total fund balance		45,593		5,169		114,739		9,027		67,229		57,451		189,831
Total liabilties, deferred inflows														
of resources, and fund balance	\$	79,804	\$	5,742	\$	170,011	\$	13,638	\$	209,258	\$	84,851	\$	189,831

CITY OF FARMER CITY, ILLINOIS Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds – Continued

A de		Hotel- Motel ax Fund	Business District Cax Fund	I	nsurance Fund	Fi	Increment nancing und III		DUI Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and equivalents Property tax receivable Intergovernmental tax receivable Prepaid expenses	\$	15,013	\$ 101,169 - 14,624 -	\$	446,045 52,515 36,042		19,558 63,827	\$	14,198 - - -	\$ 1,086,275 372,475 21,334 36,042
Total assets	\$	15,013	\$ 115,793	\$	534,602	\$	83,385	\$	14,198	\$ 1,516,126
Liabilities	_			<u></u>		~		<i>c</i>		a 5 0.55
Accrued expenses	\$		\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$ 7,963
Total current liabilities			 							7,963
Deferred inflows of resources										
Deferred inflows related to property tax receivable			 		52,515		63,827			372,475
Fund balance										
Nonspendable		-	-		36,042		-		-	36,042
Restricted for:										
Tax Increment Financing District III		-	-		-		19,558		-	19,558
Motor Fuel Tax		-	-		-		-		-	189,831
Hotel-Motel Tax		15,013	-		-		-		-	15,013
Business District Tax		-	115,793		-		-		-	115,793
ESDA Audit		-	-		-		-		-	5,169
		-	-		-		-		-	57,451
Social Security Insurance		-	-		446,045		-		-	114,739 446,045
School Crossing Guard		-	-		440,043		-		-	9,027
Library		_	_		_		_		_	45,593
Committed:										13,373
Public safety		_	_		_		_		14,198	14,198
Unassigned			 						-	
Total fund balance		15,013	 115,793		482,087		19,558		14,198	1,068,459
Total liabilties, deferred inflows										
of resources, and fund balance	\$	15,013	\$ 115,793	\$	534,602	\$	83,385	\$	14,198	\$ 1,448,897

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Non-Major Governmental Funds

		Library Fund		ESDA Fund		Social Security Fund	Cr	chool ossing Guard Fund	M	Illinois Iunicipal etirement Fund		Audit Fund	 Motor Fuel Tax
Revenues: Property Taxes	\$	34,577	\$	585	\$	52,439	\$	4,610	\$	136,577	\$	23,153	
Motor fuel tax	Ф	34,377	Ф	363	Ф	32,439	Ф	4,010	Ф	130,377	Ф	23,133	72,933
Other taxes		_		_		_		_		_		_	-
Fines, fees, permits and licenses		799		_		_		_		_		_	_
Grants								-		-		_	-
Operating		7,546		-		-		-		-		-	-
Capital		-		-		-		-		-		-	67,123
Other income		2,855		-		-		-		-		-	-
Interest		11		4		78		5		63		54	 150
Total revenue		45,788		589		52,517		4,615		136,640		23,207	 140,206
Current expenditures:													
General government		_		_		51,131		_		99,472		19,220	_
Public safety		-		-		_		5,055		_		´ -	-
Public works		-		-		-		-		-		-	-
Streets and alleys		-		-		-		-		-		-	24,153
Recreation		43,850		-		-		-		-		-	-
Capital outlay													
Total expenditures		43,850				51,131		5,055		99,472		19,220	 24,153
Excess (deficiency) of revenues													
over (under) expenditures		1,938		589		1,386		(440)		37,168		3,987	 116,053
Other financing sources (uses):													
Inter-office charges		_		_		_		_		_		_	_
Transfers out						_				-			 <u> </u>
Total financing sources (uses)		_		_		_		_		_		_	-
Net change in fund balance	-	1,938		589		1,386		(440)		37,168		3,987	116,053
The change in fund buttinee		1,730		30)		1,500		(110)		57,100		3,707	110,033
Fund balance, beginning of year		43,655		4,580		113,353		9,467		30,061		53,464	 73,778
Fund balance, end of year	\$	45,593	\$	5,169	\$	114,739	\$	9,027	\$	67,229	\$	57,451	\$ 189,831

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Non-Major Governmental Funds - Continued

	Hotel- Motel Tax Fund	Motel District Insurance		Tax Increment Financing Fund III	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
Revenues:	¢.	\$ -	\$ 53,790	e 27.220	¢.	e 242.000	
Property Taxes Motor fuel tax	\$ -	5 -	\$ 53,790	\$ 37,338	\$ -	\$ 343,069 72,933	
Other taxes	6,040	86,631	-		-	92,671	
Fines, fees, permits and licenses Grants	-	-	-	-	140	939	
Operating	_	-	_	_	-	7,546	
Capital	-	-	-	_	-	67,123	
Other income	-	_	-	_	7,900	10,755	
Interest	8	491	228	1	11_	1,104	
Total revenue	6,048	87,122	54,018	37,339	8,051	596,140	
Current expenditures:							
General government	-	_	58,785	_	-	228,608	
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	5,055	
Public works	10,500	59,476	-	2,054	-	72,030	
Streets and alleys	-	-	-	-	-	24,153	
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	43,850	
Capital outlay				47,692		47,692	
Total expenditures	10,500	59,476	58,785	49,746		421,388	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,452)	27,646	(4,767)	(12,407)	8,051	174,752	
04 6							
Other financing sources (uses): Inter-office charges Transfers out	- -	(20,000)	-	- -	(5,000) (7,650)	(25,000) (7,650)	
Total financing sources (uses)		(20,000)			(12,650)	(32,650)	
Net change in fund balance	(4,452)	7,646	(4,767)	(12,407)	(4,599)	142,102	
Fund balance, beginning of year	19,465	108,147	486,854	31,965	18,797	993,586	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 15,013	\$ 115,793	\$ 482,087	\$ 19,558	\$ 14,198	\$ 1,135,688	



Schedule of Assessed Valuation, Property Tax Rates, and Tax Extensions – Unaudited

	Tax Years								
	2020	2019	2018	2017					
Rate Setting Assessed Valuation	\$ 22,740,483	\$ 23,088,713	\$ 22,767,021	\$ 22,407,555					
Increment Valuation (for TIF)	\$ 4,499,301	\$ 4,242,919	\$ 3,672,749	\$ 3,442,240					
Tax Rates:									
General									
Corporate	0.25000	0.25000	0.23549	0.25000					
Police Protection	0.07500	0.07500	0.07065	0.07500					
Parks	0.07500	0.07500	0.07065	0.07500					
Street Lighting	0.05000	0.05000	0.04710	0.05000					
Total General	0.45000	0.45000	0.42389	0.45000					
Sewer	0.10000	0.10000	0.09420	0.10000					
Lease Purchase	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
Social Security and Illinois									
Municipal Retirement Fund	0.83332	0.81995	0.72926	0.73500					
Library	0.15000	0.15000	0.14130	0.15000					
Civil Defense	0.00252	0.00254	0.00236	0.00280					
Liability Insurance	0.23093	0.23335	0.31085	0.46130					
School Crossing Guard	0.02000	0.02000	0.01885	0.02000					
Audit	0.12049	0.10044	0.09326	0.07050					
Total	1.90726	1.87628	1.81397	1.98960					
Tax Extensions:									
General									
Corporate	\$ 56,851	\$ 57,722	\$ 53,614	\$ 56,019					
Police Protection	17,055	17,317	16,085	16,806					
Parks	17,055	17,317	16,085	16,806					
Street Lighting	11,370	11,544	10,723	11,204					
Total General	102,331	103,900	96,507	100,835					
Sewer	22,740	23,089	21,447	22,407					
Lease Purchase	,, _		,	,					
Social Security and Illinois									
Municipal Retirement Fund	189,501	189,316	166,031	164,693					
Library	34,111	34,633	32,170	33,611					
Civil Defense	573	586	537	634					
Liability Insurance	52,515	53,878	70,771	103,373					
School Crossing Guard	4,548	4,618	4,292	4,482					
Audit	27,400	23,190	21,233	15,793					
Total	\$ 433,719	\$ 433,210	\$ 412,988	\$ 445,828					
			. ,	: -,-					

CITY OF FARMER CITY, ILLINOIS Schedule of Property Tax Collections – Unaudited

	2019	2018 Tax Y	2017	2016
Tax Collections (including Roads & Bridges				
and Mobile Home Privelidge Tax):				
General:				
Corporate	57,628	53,541	\$ 56,106	\$ 54,881
Police Protection	17,288	16,062	16,832	16,464
Parks	17,288	16,062	16,832	16,464
Roads & Bridges	15,771	15,113	18,481	18,111
Street Lighting	11,526	10,708	11,221	10,976
Total General	119,501	111,486	119,472	116,896
Sewer	23,051	21,417	22,442	21,952
Lease Purchase	-	-	-	7,332
Social Security and Illinois				
Municipal Retirement Fund	189,016	165,800	164,949	130,339
Library	34,577	32,125	33,664	32,929
Civil Defense	585	537	635	643
Liability Insurance	53,790	70,673	103,534	108,009
School Crossing Guard	4,610	4,286	4,489	4,390
Audit	23,153	21,203	15,818	13,744
Tax Increment Financing Fund II	375,023	353,169	347,671	330,764
Tax Increment Financing Fund III	37,338	19,530	-	=
Working Cash				573
Total Tax Collected	860,644	800,226	812,674	767,571
Less: Non-levied taxes				
included above:				
Tax Increment Financing Fund II	375,023	353,169	347,671	330,764
Tax Increment Financing Fund III	37,338	19,530	-	-
Roads & Bridges	15,771	15,113	18,481	18,111
Total non-levied taxes	428,132	387,812	366,152	348,875
Net Levied Tax Collected	\$ 432,512	\$ 412,414	\$ 446,522	\$ 418,696
Percentage of Extension Collected	99.84%	99.86%	100.16%	98.43%